MEASUREMENT AND VERIFICATION PLAN

FOR

DG/CHP SYSTEM AT GEORGETOWN PLAZA

May 2013

Submitted to:

New York State Energy Research and Development Authority 17 Columbia Circle Albany, NY 12203-6399

Submitted by:

CDH Energy Corp.

PO Box 641 2695 Bingley Rd Cazenovia, NY 13035 (315) 655-1063 www.cdhenergy.com

Project Team:

NYSERDA Project Manager:

Paul Vainauskas pv2@nyserda.org

Developer/Applicant:

James W. Armstrong Sheldon Mendonca DSM Engineering Associates PC 1363-26 Veterans Memorial Highway Hauppauge, NY 11788 jwillya@dsmea.com sheldon@dsmea.com Tel: 631-360-1208

General Contractor:

Chris Kay, GEM Mechanical gemmechanical@gmail.com (347) 231-8535

Site Contact:

David Von Hollweg, Georgetown Plaza 60 East 8th St. New York, NY 10003 dvonhollweg@rosenyc.com (212) 210-6686

NYSERDA M&V Contractor:

Hugh Henderson Pilar Lyons CDH Energy PO Box 641 2695 Bingley Rd Cazenovia, NY 13035 hugh@cdhenergy.com pilar@cdhenergy.com Tel: 315-655-1063 (Hugh, ext. 13, Pilar, ext. 25)

1. Introduction

DSM Engineering Associates (DSMEA) is designing and overseeing the installation of a combined heat and power (CHP) system at Georgetown Plaza at 60 East 8th St. in New York. The site is receiving an incentive from NYSERDA under the CHP Demonstration program.

The proposed CHP system includes two (2) 100 kW Tecogen InVerde INV-100 engine generator units. The inverter-based systems are intended to produce a gross output of 200 kW and recover jacket water engine heat for 1.) pre-heating the space heating hot water loop, 2.) a 72-ton hot-water absorption chiller, and 3.) DHW preheating. The CHP system will provide power in parallel with the existing utility service.

2. Instrumentation

In order to quantify the performance of the CHP system, the CHP system fuel input, net electrical output, and useful thermal output will be measured. To capture that data, the Site (or its monitoring contractor) will supply the meters and instrumentation listed in Table 1.

Point	Instrument / Sensor	Output Type	Location	Notes
Generator Power Output	Tecogen Inverde Sensor	Modbus RTU	At each generator	• WG1, WG2
Parasitic Load Electrical Consumption	WattNode WNB-3Y-208-P	Pulse	CTs in Panel EDP-CHP	· WPAR
Combined Generator Fuel Input	Utility Meter	Pulse	Meter at Natural Gas service	 FG Obtain gas meter utility pulse output demarcation from Con Ed
Heat Recovery Loop Flow Rates	Onicon F1211	Analog	Dual turbine insertion flow meter on heat recovery loop	 FL1, FL2 Onicon dual turbine meters are preferred because they are in the center line of flow making them more accurate, and they are easily removed for cleaning
Heat Recovery Loop Temperatures	Veris TI 10k T2 Thermistor	Analog	Insertion meters on heat recovery loop	 TLS, TLR1, TLR2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5 Temperature sensors and thermowells supplied by CDH Energy
Total Facility Energy / Power	Utility Meter	Web Download		 WT Typically from 15-minute data accessed by ConEd's Demand Monitoring Software
Ambient Temperature				TAO Hourly weather data from www.wunderground.com

 Table 1. Overview of CHP System Monitoring Instrumentation

Data Logger

Readings for the installed instrumentation will be recorded by an Obvius AcquiSuite datalogger provided and installed by CDH Energy. The datalogger samples all sensors approximately once per second and record one-minute totals (for pulse or digital sensors) or averages (for analog sensors). The one minute readings of heat recovery temperatures and flows will be used to provide an accurate calculation of heat transfer on the heat recovery loops, which are all continuous flow loops.

Based on the number of monitored data points (14), the logger will have sufficient memory to store 30 days of data if communications with the logger are interrupted. The data will be downloaded from the datalogger once per day via an Internet connection provided by the Site.

The data will be loaded into a database, checked for validity, and posted on the NYSERDA web site.

Onsite Installation

CDH Energy will install a datalogger panel at a location in the cogeneration room agreeable to the site and developer. The monitoring system panel is approximately 2 ft x 2 ft x 1 ft. The panel will be mounted near a 120 VAC power receptacle (it requires 1 amp or less). The panel will be conveniently located relative to the sensors listed above as well as the communications line provided by the site.

Communications

The datalogger will require a connection to the Internet. A dedicated static IP address is desired, but not required. If a dynamic IP address is used, the logger will upload data every night to the CDH Energy servers, but CDH personnel will not be able to access the logger for remote configuration purposes.

On Site Support

The facility is expected to assist in providing a network connection for the datalogger. The site will be responsible for providing access to all areas necessary to complete the monitoring installation, as well as any access for return trips to verify sensors or service the monitoring system.

3. Data Analysis

The collected data listed in Table 2 will be used to determine the net power output of the system as well as the fuel conversion efficiency (FCE).

No.	Data Point	DSMEA ID	Description	
1	WG1		CHP Unit 1 Electrical Output	kW
2	WG2		CHP Unit 2 Electrical Output	kW
3	WPAR		Parasitic Load Electrical Consumption - CHP AUX	kW/kWh
4	FG		Combined Generator Fuel Input	CF
5	FL1	F-CHPBTU	Heat Recovery Loop Total Flow Rate	GPM
6	FL2	F-CHPHBR	Heat Recovery Loop Flow Rate In Heat Rejection Loop	GPM
7	TLS	TS1	Heat Recovery Loop Supply Temperature	deg F
8	TLR1	TS10	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature from NE and SW Converters	deg F
9	TLR2	TS17	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature from Abs Chiller	deg F
10	TLR3	TS30	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature from HX-CHPDHW	deg F
11	TLR4	TS40	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature from heat rejection units	deg F
12	TLR5	TS45	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature to CHP Units	deg F
13	WT		Total Facility Energy / Power	kW/kWh
14	TAO		Ambient Temperature	deg F

 Table 2. Summary of Monitored Data Points

Peak Demand or Peak kW

The peak electric output or demand for each power reading will be taken as the average kW in a fixed 15-minute interval (0:00, 0:15, 0:30, etc.), defined as:

$$kW = \frac{\sum_{15 min} kWh}{\Delta t} = \frac{kWh \ per \ interval}{0.25h}$$

Net Power Output

The generator power meters will measure the individual gross output of the two engine generators. The net power delivered (WG_{net}) is determined by adding together the two individual generator power measurements (WG1, WG2) and subtracting out the parasitic power measurement (WPAR).

WGnet = (WG1 + WG2) - WPAR

Heat Recovery Rates

The heat recovery rates will be calculated based on the one-minute data collected. The piping arrangement at this site allows for multiple heat rates to be determined with six (6) temperature sensors and two (2) flow readings on the heat recovery loop:

The rate of useful glycol loop heat recovery in Btu/h is defined as:

$$QU = K \times \frac{\sum_{n} [FL1 \times (TLS - TLR5)]}{n} - QD$$

The rate of rejected (unused) heat recovery in Btu/h is defined as:

$$QD = K \times \frac{\sum_{n} [FL2 \times (TLR3 - TLR4)]}{n}$$

where:

 K = ~ 500 Btu/h-gpm-°F for pure water; ~480 Btu/h-gpm-°F for 20% glycol
 n = Number of 1-minute intervals included in period of interest

The heat recovery loop fluid is expected to be pure water. The factor K will be determined based on a periodic reading of the fluid properties with a refractometer to determine the glycol concentration as well as the operating temperature.

Any heat recovery measurement can be calculated for an interval sum (Btu) by the following:

$$Q_{int} = \sum\nolimits_{N} Q \cdot \Delta t$$

where:

N = Number of intervals in in period of interest $\Delta t =$ interval duration (hrs) In addition to the useful heat recovery and the dumped heat, the heat recovered for the specific loads can also be calculated using the equations above with different temperatures and flow rates:

Heating Load	Flow Rate	Temperature Difference
Heat to space heating (via HX-CHPSW and HX-CHPNE)	FL1	TLS – TLR1
Heat to hot-water absorption chiller	FL1	TLR1 – TLR2
Heat to DHW loop (via HX-CHPDHW)	FL2	TLR2 – TLR3

Calculated Quantities

The fuel conversion efficiency of the CHP system, based on the lower heating value of the fuel, will be defined as:

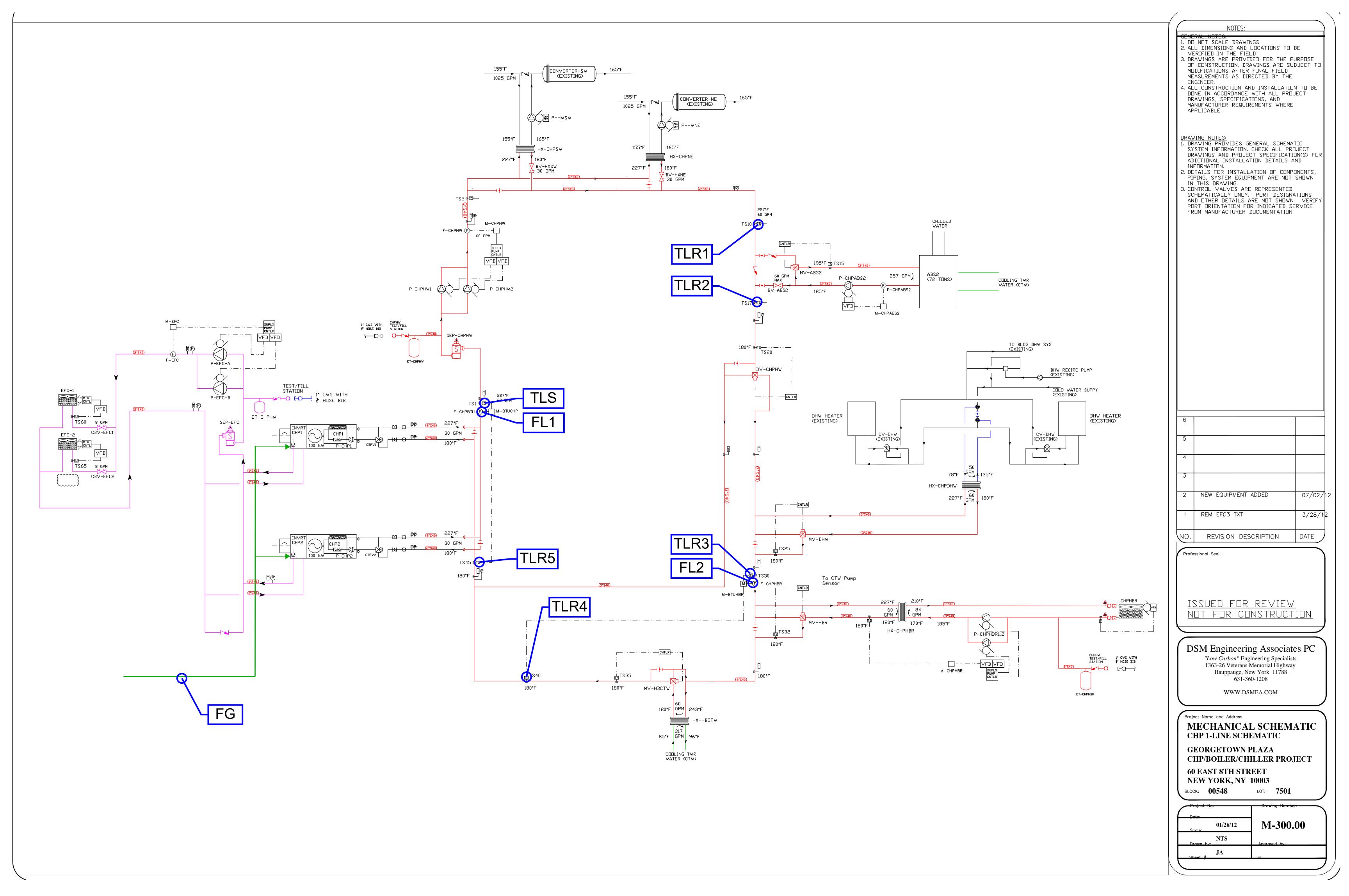
$$FCE = \frac{QU_{int} + 3413 \times (WG_{net})}{0.9 \times HHV_{gas} \times FG}$$

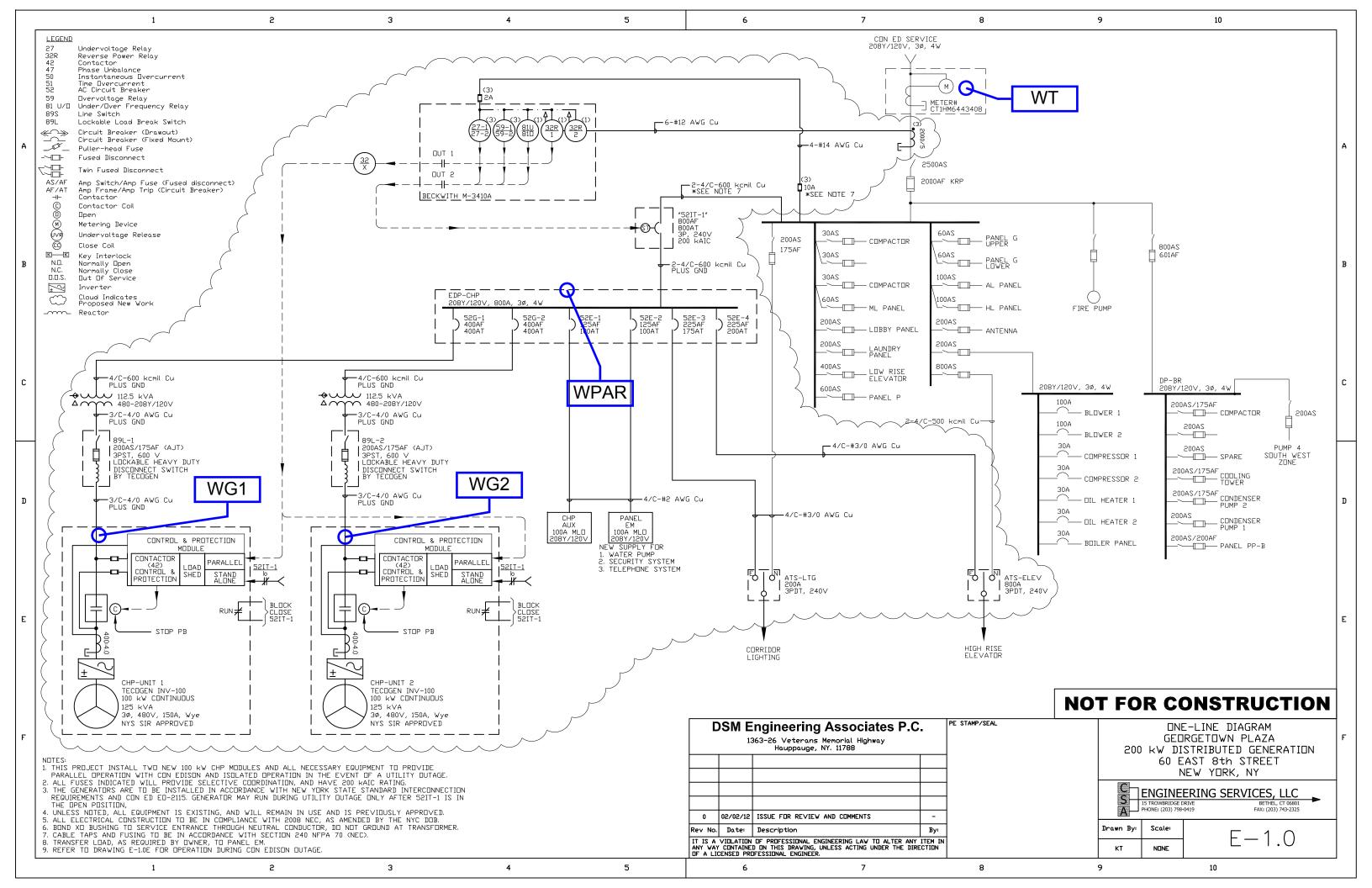
$QU_{int} =$	Useful heat recovery (Btu) (QU)
$WG_{net} =$	Engine generator net output (kWh)
FG =	Generator gas consumption (Std CF)
$HHV_{gas} =$	Higher heating value for natural gas (~1030 Btu/CF)
C	Where 0.9 is the conversion factor between HHV and LHV

The FCE can be calculated for any time interval of interest (hourly, daily, monthly, etc), depending on the resolution available for the gas meter reading.

Appendix A

System Schematic and Cut Sheets for Key Sensors and Instruments





Georgetown Plaza CHP M&V Instrumentation Plan

No	Data Point	Description	Units	Sensor	Signal Type	Multiplier/ Pulse Rate	Note	Est P	Price	Supplied By
1	WG1	CHP Unit 1 Electrical Output	kW/kWh	WattNode WNB-3Y-208-P	Pulse	TBD				Applicant
2	WG2	CHP Unit 2 Electrical Output	kW/kWh	WattNode WNB-3Y-208-P	Pulse	TBD				Applicant
3	WPAR	Parasitic Load Electrical Consumption - CHP AUX	kW/kWh	WattNode WNB-3Y-208-P	Pulse					Applicant
4	FG	Combined Generator Fuel Input	CF	Utility Meter	Pulse	TBD	If generator gas use metered separately by Con Ed, add a pulse output to the utility meter (\$700) Alternatively, an Itron DATTUS fM2 gas meter will be installed (\$1,500 - \$2,000)			Applicant
5	FL1	Heat Recovery Loop Flow Rate	GPM	Onicon F1211	Analog	TBD	Dual turbine insertion flow meter on heat recovery loop Onicon dual turbine meters are preferred because they are in the center line of flow making them more accurate, and they are easily removed for cleaning F-CHPBTU			Applicant
6	FL2	Heat Recovery Loop Flow Rate	GPM	Onicon F1211	Analog	TBD	Dual turbine insertion flow meter on heat recovery loop Onicon dual turbine meters are preferred because they are in the center line of flow making them more accurate, and they are easily removed for cleaning F-CHPHBR			Applicant
7	TLS	Heat Recovery Loop Supply Temperature	deg F	Veris TI 10k T2 Thermistor	Analog	TBD	Temperature sensors and thermowells supplied by CDH Energy TS1			CDH Energy
8	TLR1	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature from NE and SW Converters	deg F	Veris TI 10k T2 Thermistor	Analog	TBD	Temperature sensors and thermowells supplied by CDH Energy TS10			CDH Energy
9	TLR2	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature from Abs Chiller	deg F	Veris TI 10k T2 Thermistor	Analog	TBD	Temperature sensors and thermowells supplied by CDH Energy TS17			CDH Energy
10	TLR3	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature from HX- CHPDHW	deg F	Veris TI 10k T2 Thermistor	Analog	TBD	Temperature sensors and thermowells supplied by CDH Energy TS30			CDH Energy
11		Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature from second heat rejection unit (HX-HBCTW)	deg F	Veris TI 10k T2 Thermistor	Analog	TBD	Temperature sensors and thermowells supplied by CDH Energy TS40			CDH Energy
12	TLR5	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature to CHP Units	deg F	Veris TI 10k T2 Thermistor	Analog	TBD	Temperature sensors and thermowells supplied by CDH Energy TS45			CDH Energy
13	WT	Total Facility Energy / Power	kW/kWh	Utility Meter	Web Download		Typically from 15-minute data accessed by ConEd's Demand Monitoring Software Alternatively, a meter & CTs can be purchased or a pulse output can be added			Applicant
14	TAO	Ambient Temperature	deg F				Hourly weather data from www.wunderground.com			_

Note:

CHP Efficency Calculations:

WG_{net} = (WG1 + WG2) - WPAR Net Power

Useful Heat QU = [k x FL1 x (TLS - TLR5)] - QD k = 500 Btu/h-gpm-deg F for pure water at 180 deg F

Dumped Heat $QD = k \times FL2 \times (TLR3 - TLR4)$

Fuel Conversion

 $FCE = \frac{QU \cdot \Delta t + 3.412 \cdot (WGnet)}{LHV_{gas} \cdot FG}$ LHV = 0.9 * HHV = 927 Btu/CF

$$\frac{net}{m}$$
 LHV = 0.9 ° HHV

Continental Control Systems

HE WATTNODE is a true RMS AC watt-hour transducer with pulse output (solid state relay closure) proportional to kWH consumed. The WATTNODE provides accurate measurement at low cost to meet your needs for sub-metering, energy management and performance contract applications.

Easy Installation saves you time and money. The WATTNODE is small enough to fit entirely within a standard electrical panel and the screw terminals unplug for easy wiring.

The Advanced Output includes separate pulse channels for positive and negative power, for net metering and PV metering. Optional models are available with one pulse output channel per measurement phase, which can be used to monitor each phase independently or to monitor three separate single-phase circuits with one WattNode.

Our Diagnostic LEDs provide a per-phase indication of power (green flashing), negative power (red flashing), and advanced diagnostics (yellow flashing) to help troubleshoot connection problems, like swapped CTs, or excessive line voltage. See the User's Guide for a full description.

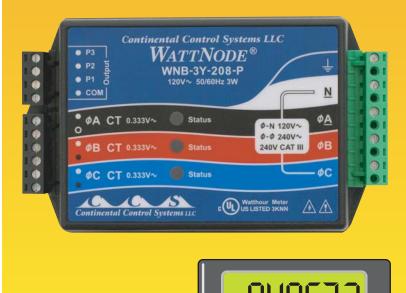
The Pulse Series family measures 1, 2, or 3 phases in 2, 3 or 4 wire configurations. With voltage ratings from 120 to 600 VAC and current transformer (CT) rating from 5 to 4000 amps, there is a WATTNODE combination to meet your AC power measurement requirements.

ACCURACY of the WATTNODE is is 0.5% of reading over a wide range of power factors and harmonic content. You get true kWH measurements even with switching power supplies and variable speed drives.

Our Safe CTs, with internal burden resistors produce a voltage proportional to the load current. At rated current voltage is only 0.333 VAC. Split-core CTs quickly install on existing wiring and solid-core CTs cost less for new wiring.

WATTNODE[®]

Advanced Pulse Output AC Power Measurement





3131 Indian Road, Suite A Boulder, CO 80301 USA (888) 928-8663 Fax (303) 444-2903 sales@ccontrolsys.com

www.ccontrolsys.com

• Advanced Pulse Output Separate pulse channels for positive and negative power. Optional models are available with one pulse output channel per measurement phase.

• Small Size Can be installed in existing service panels or junction boxes.

• Uses Safe CTs

Output limited to one volt.

- Line Powered No external power supply required.
- Digital Signal Processing Accurate kWH measurement over a wide harmonic range.
- Detachable Terminal Blocks Easy to install and remove.

S P E C I F I C A T I O N S

easurement Configurations

Single phase: 2-wire or 3-wire Three phase: 3-wire or 4-wire

Electrical

Line Powered

Operating Voltage Range: +15%, -20% of nominal Power Line Frequency: 50/60 Hz CT Input: 0.333 VAC

Pulse Output

Optoisolated, solid state relay closures handle up to maximum 60 VDC & to 5mA

Standard: 4.00 Hz Bidirectional Output

- Optional: 0.01 Hz to 600 Hz Bidirectional Output Models
- Optional: Per-Phase Output Models 0.01 Hz to 150 Hz available

Accuracy

Normal Operation: Line voltage: 80% - 115% of nominal Power factor: 1.0 Frequency: 50- 60 Hz Ambient Temperature: 25°C Current: 5% - 100% of rated current Accuracy: ±0.5% of reading

Environmental

Operating Temperature: -30°C to +55°C (-22°F to 131°F) Operating Humidity: 5 to 90% (RH)

Mechanical

Enclosure: High impact, UL rated, ABS plastic Size: 3.3" x 5.6" x 1.5" Connectors: UL, CSA recognized, detachable, screw terminals (14AWG), 600V

Optional LCD Display

Display: Eight digits, each 0.43" high Reset: Wired remote and configurable front panel button Enclosure: Panel mount box, 2.95" x 1.52" Battery: Lithium 2/3A, replace every four years

MADE IN THE USA

(888) 928-8663

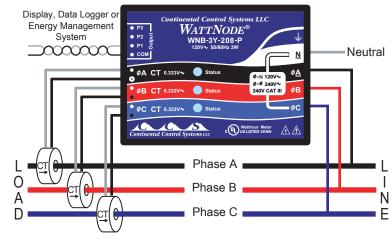


3131 Indian Road, Suite A Boulder, CO 80301 (888) 928-8663 Fax (303) 444-2903 sales@ccontrolsys.com

www.ccontrolsys.com

WATTNODE[®]

Advanced Pulse Output AC Power Measurement



WATTNODE

Model	VAC	VAC	Phases	Wires	
	Line To Neutral	Line To Line			
WNB-3Y-208-P	120	208-240	3	4	
WNB-3Y-400-P	230	400	3	4	
WNB-3Y-480-P	277	480	3	4	
WNB-3Y-600-P	347	600	3	4	
WNB-3D-240-P	120	208-240	3	3	
WNB-3D-400-P	230	400	3	3	
WNB-3D-480-P	277	480	3	3	

LCD Displays

Model	Displays	Units
LCDA-E	Energy	WH, kWH, or MWH
LCDA-P	Power	W or kW
LCDA-EP	Energy & Power	WH, kWH, or MWH & W or kW

OPENING CURRENT TRANSFORMERS (SPLIT-CORE)

er Erning Conner		(SFEIT CONE)
Model	Inside Diameter	Rated Amps
CTS-0750	0.75"	5, 15, 30, 50, 70, 100, 150
CTS-1250	1.25"	70, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 400, 600
CTS-2000	2.00"	600, 800, 1000, 1200, 1500
CTB	Bus Bar	600, 800, 1200, 2000, 3000 (custom)

TOROIDAL CURRENT TRANSFORMERS (SOLID-CORE)

Model	Inside Diameter	Rated Amps
CTT-0300	0.30"	5, 15, 30
CTT-0500	0.50"	15, 30, 50, 60
CTT-0750	0.75"	30, 50, 70, 100
CTT-1000	1.00"	50, 70, 100, 150, 200
CTT-1250	1.25"	70, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 400

Current Transformer Output Voltage: 0 - 0.333 VAC @ rated current





DATTUS[®] III

Commercial & Industrial Gas Meter

Building upon its proven lineage, Itron is proud to introduce the third-generation DATTUS, a solid-state gas meter suited for commercial and industrial gas measurement applications. The DATTUS III is built upon an electronics platform that includes a new solid chip thermal sensor, built-in temperature compensation, and datalogging as capabilities–standard.

The DATTUS meter uses fluidic oscillation technology. With no moving parts, the DATTUS meter is ideal for applications where continuous gas flow to the customer is required.

The DATTUS III incorporates a new sensor technology with a solid chip design. The sensor is encapsulated in glass but sensitive enough to detect gas oscillations critical for measurement. The glass coating offers excellent resistance to all types of solid and liquid contaminants.

Meter Type Options

- » Basic Offers uncorrected measurement along with fixed-factor capability
- » Basic TC Same as Basic, but programmed to include temperature compensation

Operational Advantages

- » Safety Because the DATTUS uses solid-state technology, the meter cannot "lock up" or stop gas flow. This may be necessary in some applications such as gas measurement for hospitals, schools, or other applications where continuous gas service may be critical
- » Robustness The DATTUS meter may be subjected to many times its rated capacity without any damage to the meter; only an alarm is displayed letting the user know the meter was in an "overflow" condition. The DATTUS will measure normally once the flow is back within its operating range. With the new and improved solid sensor chip technology, the likelihood of damage from contamination is significantly reduced
- » Application Without mechanical elements impeding gas flow, the meter performs very well in applications where slam-shut or slam-open loads are created because of the downstream equipment used
- » Ease of Installation Having completely aligned flanges is not necessary, nor is leveling of the meter. Neither torsion on the meter case or a non-level setting will affect meter performance
- » Low Maintenance Since the DATTUS meter doesn't have any rotating or moving parts, there are no associated maintenance requirements, such as oil changes that may be required for other meter types. Batteries are the only regular maintenance item for DATTUS, with battery life expectancy at nine to ten years for the DATTUS Basic and Basic TC models



DATTUS III fM1



DATTUS III fM2

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- » Static measurement technology
- » Built-in temperature compensation
- » Data logging standard
- » Four channels of configurable pulse outputs
- » Capacity sizes from 8C to 56M
- » Field upgradable meter capacity without service interruption
- » 9-10 year battery life
- » Configurable index orientation
- » MODBUS communication
- » Programmable fixed pressure compensation
- » Highly robust sensor design

Pulse Outputs

- » 4 pulse output channels
- » Open drain N channel MOSFET, non-isolated
- » Dry contact
- » Switch off resistance > 2 Mohms
- » Switch on resistance ~ 250 ohms
- » Pulse duration: 10ms to 2 seconds or 50% duty cycle
- » Pulse value: user configurable for volume pulse or alarm output

Data Logging

- » Data logging is standard
- » Four individually configurable loggers
- » Intervals from 30 seconds up to monthly
- » Four items may be logged in addition to uncorrected volume, including temperature, corrected volume, maximum flow rate, and battery voltages
- » Total of 2730 records available

Event logging

- » Records and time stamps meter alarms
- » Records and time stamps configuration changes
- » Uses a circular log
- » Additional "last occurrence" log

Temperature Compensation

- » Temperature sensing chip included on the sensor board and mounted in the gas stream
- » May enable or disable temperature compensation via software
- » Accuracy of +/- 1.8 degrees Fahrenheit



DATTUS III fM3

Specifications

Model	fM1 CFH (m3/h)	fM2 CFH (m3/h)	fM3 CFH (m3/h)
Start Flow	8 (0.23)	18 (0.51)	45 (1.27)
Flow rate for +/- 2% acc	10 (0.28)	22 (0.62)	60 (1.70)
Flow rate for +/- 1% acc.	35 (0.99)	60 (1.70)	100 (2.83)
Maximum Capacity	3750 (106)	13750 (389)	57000 (1614)

Meter	Meter Weight	Shipped Weight	ΜΑΟΡ	Operating Temperature Range	Approvals for Intrinsic Safety
fM1	34 lbs. (15.4 kg)	38 lbs. (17.2 kg)	175 PSIG, 12 Bar		
fM2	37 lbs. (16.8 kg)	42 lbs. (19.1 kg)	150 PSIG, 10.3 Bar	-40° to +140° F, -40° to + 60° C	UL 913 Class I Div I, CSA 22.2 No. 157
fM3	114 lbs. (51.7 kg)	128 lbs. (58.1 kg)	175 PSIG, 12 Bar		

Meter Sizing	– fM1				
Meter Size Base Rating	8C acfh (m³/h)	1M acfh (m³/h)	1.5M acfh (m³/h)	2M acfh (m³/h)	3M acfh (m³/h)
	800 (22.7)	1000 (28.3)	1500 (42.5)	2000 (56.6)	3000 (85.0)
Meter Pressure		n	Metering Capac	ity	
psig (Bar)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)
1 (0.07)	0.9 (24.2)	1.1 (30.2)	1.6 (45.4)	2.1 (60.5)	3.2 (90.7)
2 (0.14)	0.9 (25.7)	1.1 (32.2)	1.7 (48.2)	2.3 (64.3)	3.4 (96.5)
3 (0.21)	1.0 (27.3)	1.2 (34.1)	1.8 (51.1)	2.4 (68.2)	3.6 (102.3)
5 (0.34)	1.1 (30.3)	1.3 (37.9)	2.0 (56.9)	2.7 (75.9)	4.0 (113.8)
10 (0.69)	1.3 (38.0)	1.7 (47.5)	2.5 (71.3)	3.4 (95.1)	5.0 (142.6)
15 (1.03)	1.6 (45.7)	2.0 (57.2)	3.0 (85.7)	4.0 (114.3)	6.1 (171.5)
20 (1.38)	1.9 (53.4)	2.4 (66.8)	3.5 (100.1)	4.7 (133.5)	7.1 (200.3)
25 (1.72)	2.2 (61.1)	2.7 (76.4)	4.0 (114.6)	5.4 (152.8)	8.1 (229.1)
45 (3.10)	3.2 (91.9)	4.1 (114.8)	6.1 (172.2)	8.1 (229.7)	12.2 (344.5)
60 (4.13)	4.1 (114.9)	5.1 (143.7)	7.6 (215.5)	10.1 (287.3)	15.2 (431.0)
90 (6.20)	5.7 (161.1)	7.1 (201.3)	10.7 (302.0)	14.2 (402.7)	21.3 (604.0)
100 (6.89)	6.2 (176.4)	7.8 (220.6)	11.7 (330.8)	15.6 (441.1)	23.4 (661.7)
150 (10.3)	8.9 (253.3)	11.2 (316.7)	16.8 (475.0)	22.4 (633.4)	33.5 (950.0)
175 (12.1)	10.3 (291.8)	12.9 (364.7)	19.3 (547.1)	25.8 (729.5)	38.6 (1094.2)

Dimensions

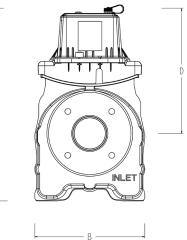
	fM1 in (mm)	fM2 in (mm)	fM3 in (mm)
А	17.2 (437)	18.6 (472)	25.2 (640)
В	8.8 (224)	10.6 (269)	16.5 (419)
С	6.75 (171)	6.75 (171)	9.5 (241)
D	11.25 (286)	12.1 (307)	16.7 (424)
E	7.6 (193)	7.6 (193)	7.6 (193)
Flange:	ANSI 125 2"	ANSI 125 2" or 3"	ANSI 125 4"



Meter Sizing – fM2

Meter Size Base Rating	2M acfh (m³/h)	3M acfh (m³/h)	5M acfh (m³/h)	7M acfh (m³/h)	11M acfh (m³/h)
	2000 (56.6)	3000 (85.0)	5000 (141.6)	7000 (198.2)	11000 (311.5)
Meter			Antoring Consoi	ity	
Pressure			Aetering Capaci	-	
psig (Bar)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)				
1 (0.07)	2.1 (60.5)	3.2 (90.7)	5.3 (151.2)	7.5 (211.7)	11.7 (332.6)
2 (0.14)	2.3 (64.3)	3.4 (96.5)	5.7 (160.8)	8.0 (225.1)	12.5 (353.8)
3 (0.21)	2.4 (68.2)	3.6 (102.3)	6.0 (170.4)	8.4 (238.6)	13.2 (374.9)
5 (0.34)	2.7 (75.9)	4.0 (113.8)	6.7 (189.6)	9.4 (265.5)	14.7 (417.2)
10 (0.69)	3.4 (95.1)	5.0 (142.6)	8.4 (237.7)	11.8 (332.8)	18.5 (523.0)
15 (1.03)	4.0 (114.3)	6.1 (171.5)	10.1 (285.8)	14.1 (400.1)	22.2 (628.7)
20 (1.38)	4.7 (133.5)	7.1 (200.3)	11.8 (333.8)	16.5 (467.4)	25.9 (734.4)
25 (1.72)	5.4 (152.8)	8.1 (229.1)	13.5 (381.9)	18.9 (534.6)	29.7 (840.2)
45 (3.10)	8.1 (229.7)	12.2 (344.5)	20.3 (574.1)	28.4 (803.8)	44.6 (1263.1)
60 (4.13)	10.1 (287.3)	15.2 (431.0)	25.4 (718.3)	35.5 (1005.6)	55.8 (1580.3)
90 (6.20)	14.2 (402.7)	21.3 (604.0)	35.5 (1006.7)	49.8 (1409.4)	78.2 (2214.7)
100 (6.89)	15.6 (441.1)	23.4 (661.7)	38.9 (1102.8)	54.5 (1543.9)	85.7 (2426.2)
150 (10.3)	22.4 (633.4)	33.5 (950.0)	55.9 (1583.4)	78.3 (2216.8)	123.0 (3483.5)





Dimensions fM2

Meter Sizing – fM3

motor orzing into						
Meter Size Base Rating	7M acfh (m³/h)	11M acfh (m³/h)	16M acfh (m³/h)	23M acfh (m³/h)	38M acfh (m³/h)	56M acfh (m³/h)
	7000 (198.2)	11000 (311.5)	16000 (453.1)	23000 (651.3)	38000 (1076.1)	56000 (1585.8)
Meter Pressure			Meteri	ng Capacity		
psig (Bar)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)	MSCFH(m ³ /h)
1 (0.07)	7.5 (211.7)	11.7 (332.6)	17.1 (483.8)	24.6 (695.5)	40.6 (1149.1)	
2 (0.14)	8.0 (225.1)	12.5 (353.8)	18.2 (514.6)	26.1 (739.7)	43.2 (1222.2)	63.6 (1801.1)
3 (0.21)	8.4 (238.6)	13.2 (374.9)	19.3 (545.4)	27.7 (783.9)	45.7 (1295.2)	67.4 (1908.7)
5 (0.34)	9.4 (265.5)	14.7 (417.2)	21.4 (606.9)	30.8 (872.4)	50.9 (1441.3)	75.0 (2124.1)
10 (0.69)	11.8 (332.8)	18.5 (523.0)	26.9 (760.7)	38.6 (1093.5)	63.8 (1806.6)	94.0 (2662.3)
15 (1.03)	14.1 (400.1)	22.2 (628.7)	32.3 (914.5)	46.4 (1314.5)	76.7 (2171.8)	113.0 (3200.6)
20 (1.38)	16.5 (467.4)	25.9 (734.4)	37.7 (1068.3)	54.2 (1535.6)	89.6 (2537.1)	132.0 (3738.9)
25 (1.72)	18.9 (534.6)	29.7 (840.2)	43.2 (1222.0)	62.0 (1756.7)	102.5 (2902.4)	151.0 (4277.2)
45 (3.10)	28.4 (803.8)	44.6 (1263.1)	64.9 (1837.2)	93.3 (2641.0)	154.1 (4363.4)	227.1 (6430.3)
60 (4.13)	35.5 (1005.6)	55.8 (1580.3)	81.2 (2298.6)	116.7 (3304.3)	192.8 (5459.2)	284.1 (8045.1)
90 (6.20)	49.8 (1409.4)	78.2 (2214.7)	113.8 (3221.4)	163.5 (4630.7)	270.2 (7650.8)	398.2 (11274.8)
100 (6.89)	54.5 (1543.9)	85.7 (2426.2)	124.6 (3529.0)	179.1 (5072.9)	296.0 (8381.3)	436.2 (12351.4)
150 (10.3)	78.3 (2216.8)	123.0 (3483.5)	178.9 (5066.9)	257.2 (7283.7)	425.0 (12033.9)	626.3 (17734.2)
175 (12.1)	90.2 (2553.2)	141.7 (4012.2)	206.1 (5835.9)	296.3 (8389.1)	489.5 (13860.2)	721.3 (20425.6)

Pressure loss across meter exceeds supply pressure

Pressure loss across meter in excess of 50% of supply pressure

Pressure Drop

0.6 specific gravity natural gas @ atmospheric pressure

Flowrate	fM1, 2"	fM2, 2"	fM2, 3"	fM3, 4"
CFH (m ³ /h)		Pressure Loss in I	nches W.C. (millibar)	
800 (22.7)	0.23 (0.57)	0.08 (0.20)	0.06 (0.15)	<0.01 (<0.01)
1000 (28.3)	0.35 (0.87)	0.11 (0.27)	0.08 (0.20)	<0.01 (0.01)
1500 (42.5)	0.75 (1.87)	0.22 (0.55)	0.17 (0.42)	0.02 (0.05)
2000 (56.6)	1.30 (3.24)	0.37 (0.92)	0.29 (0.72)	0.03 (0.07)
3000 (85.0)	2.85 (7.10)	0.78 (1.94)	0.61 (1.52)	0.09 (0.22)
5000 (141.6)	** (**)	2.02 (5.03)	1.62 (4.04)	0.26 (0.65)
7000 (198.2)	** (**)	3.85 (9.59)	3.12 (7.77)	0.54 (1.35)
11000 (311.5)	** (**)	9.27 (23.09)	7.56 (18.83)	1.38 (3.44)
16000 (453.1)	** (**)	** (**)	** (**)	2.99 (7.45)
23000 (651.3)	** (**)	** (**)	** (**)	6.26 (15.59)
38000 (1076.1)	** (**)	** (**)	** (**)	17.28 (43.04)
56000 (1585.8)	** (**)	** (**)	** (**)	37.76 (94.06)

Itrón

At Itron, we're dedicated to delivering end-to-end smart grid and smart distribution solutions to electric, gas and water utilities around the globe. Our company is the world's leading provider of smart metering, data collection and utility software systems, with over 8,000 utilities worldwide relying on our technology to optimize the delivery and use of energy and water.

CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS

2111 N Molter Road Liberty Lake, WA 99019 USA

Phone:1.800.635.5461Fax:1.509.891.3355

To realize your smarter energy and water future, start here: www.itron.com

While Itron strives to make the content of its marketing materials as timely and accurate as possible, Itron makes no claims, promises, or guarantees about the accuracy, completeness, or adequacy of, and expressly disclaims liability for errors and omissions in, such materials. No warranty of any kind, implied, expressed, or statutory, including but not limited to the warranties of non-infringement of third party rights, title, merchantability, and fitness for a particular purpose, is given with respect to the content of these marketing materials. © Copyright 2011, Itron. All rights reserved. 101095SP-04 11/11





Dattus[™] fM2 Commercial & Industrial Gas Meter



Advanced Metering and Regulation Technology at Work

Committed to Delivering the Best Possible Results

At Actaris Metering Systems, we are driven to help our customers succeed. As a global leader in measurement systems, we offer over 100 years of experience in the resource measurement business. We use that experience to bring the right combination of people, resources, and technology to deliver results that track to your bottom line.

Our drive to succeed has spawned innovations like the Dattus[™] fM2 Gas Meter, the latest generation of electronic gas meters. With no moving parts, advantages over existing technologies. The Dattus fM2 can replace current rotary and diaphragm meters (3,000 - 9,000 cfh capacity rated) in many situations, thereby reducing the number of different size meters needed in inventory. In addition Dattus is available with the Gas Micro electronic volume corrector mounted directly in place of the index.

From gas, to electricity, water, and heat, Actaris is the name of quality that millions of customers rely on every day.

Features

- Compact Design
- No Moving Parts
- Integrated Functionality (Pressure, Temperature, Compressibility Correction and Data Logging)
- Fixed Factor Correction
- Volume and Alarm Pulse Outputs
- Configurable Index Orientation
- Instant Flow Rate Display
- Nominal 7-10 Years Battery Life
- Pressure Up to 150 psi
- Capacity Up to 9,000 cfh (base rating)
- Large Rangeability, 400:1

Dattus[™] fM2 Gas Meter

Operating Principle

The operation of the Dattus meter is based on the fluidic oscillation principle. The measurement unit is comprised of three functional elements:

- Flow conditioner
- Jet nozzle formation
- Fluidic oscillator chamber Gas enters (1) the meter and divides into two separate flow

divides into two separate flow paths (2). These two flows recombine (3) as they exit the flow conditioner and enter the fluidic oscillation chamber through the nozzle. This process of dividing the flows eliminates upstream disturbances and creates a well-conditioned flow.

In the fluidic oscillation chamber, a jet is formed (4) as the gas enters through the nozzle. The jet then starts oscillating back and forth (5).

Thermal sensors, located just after the nozzle, detect a temperature variance as the gas jet passes from one side to the other. The volume of gas passed through the meter is obtained by counting the number of oscillations detected by the sensors.

Meter Configuration

Dattus gas meters are available as:

- Basic—the standard meter features and fixed factor capabilities
- Temperature Correction—the basic version with temperature probe mounted in the gas flow.

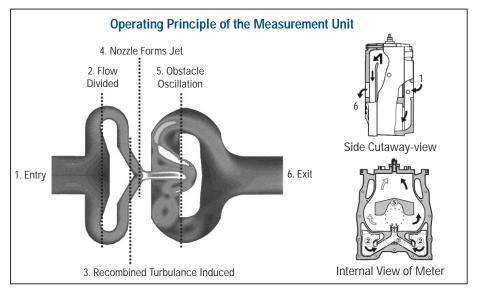
The basic meter performs volume metering based on the gas pressure and temperature in the meter. The functions available are shown below:

- Gas volume totaling
- Fixed factor correction
- Non-volatile memory for storing values and data
- Optical communication port for reading/writing of values
- Eight item programmable display
- Magnetic switch to change display values

Optional Features:

In addition to the standard functionality of the basic configuration, the following options can be added:

- Temperature correction using a temperature probe mounted in the gas flow
- Volume and alarm pulse outputs
- Push button to change display values
- Gas Micro electronic volume corrector (EVC)



Standard Features

Specifications

Meter Type:	Dattus
Meter Model:	fM2
Comparable Meters:	3,000 acfh to 9,000 acfh
Flanges:	2" and 3" ANSI 125
Flange to Flange Length:	6.75"
Maximum Allowable	
Operating Pressure	
(MAOP):	150 psig
Temperature Range:	-40°F to 140°F
Display:	Configurable up to 8
	digits to show meter
	quantities and alarms

Rangeability

Dynamic Range:	400:1
Minimum Flow Rate:	22 acfh
Maximum Flow Rate:	9,000 acfh

Pulse Output

Pulse type:	Low frequency, standard Namur
Form type:	A
Pulse duration:	250 ms
Pulse Value:	User Scalable

Temperature Probe

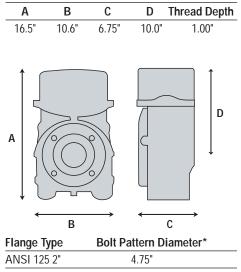
Туре:	PT1000, platinum resistance			
	thermistor (RTD)			
Typical accuracy:	0.1% of absolute measurement			

Construction

Measurement Unit:	Cast aluminum A356T6
External Cover:	ASA (Acrylonitrile
	Styrene Acrylate)
Index Housing:	UV stabilized
	polycarbonate

Weight

37 Lbs.

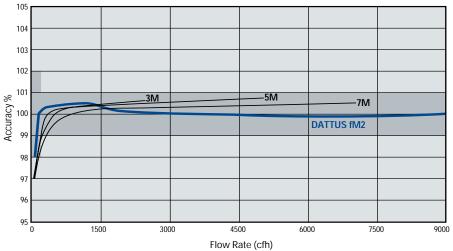


Dattus fM2 Dimensions (Inches)

ANSI 125 3" 6.00"

Note: Flanges receive four 1-3/4" x 5/8"-11 UNC 2B Bolts

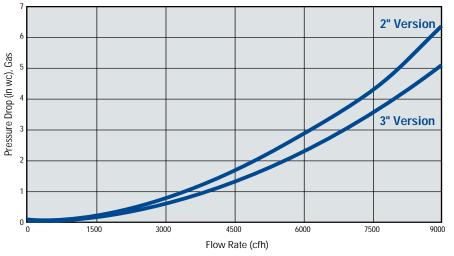
Dattus Accuracy and Rotary Meter Comparison



Pressure Drop, Gas (0.6 Specific Gravity) @ Atmospheric Conditions

Dattus Model	Flange Version	Flow Rate (acfh)	Pressure Drop gas (in w.c.)	Dynamic Range, +/- 2%	Dynamic Range, +/- 1%
		9000	6.38	409:1	150:1
		7968	5.00	362:1	133:1
		7000	3.89	318:1	116:1
	2"	5000	2.06	227:1	83:1
		4918	2.00	225:1	82:1
		3481	1.00	158:1	58:1
		3000	0.75	136:1	50:1
fM2		2457	0.50	112:1	41:1
		9000	5.06	409:1	150:1
		8905	5.00	405:1	148:1
	3"	7000	3.14	318:1	116:1
		5535	2.00	252:1	92:1
		5000	1.64	227:1	83:1
		3871	1.00	176:1	65:1
		3000	0.61	136:1	50:1
		2750	0.50	125:1	46:1

Pressure Drop (2" and 3" Version)



Dattus Capacities at Indicated Metering Pressures

Metering Pressure PSIG	1	5	25	60	100	150	175
MSCFH	9.6	12.0	24.3	45.7	70.1	100.6	115.9

Warranty

Actaris Metering Systems, 970 Highway 127 North, Owenton, Kentucky 40359-9802, warrants this gas product against defects in materials and workmanship for the earlier of one (1) year from the date the product is shipped by Actaris or a period of one year from the date the product is installed by Actaris at the original purchaser's site. During such one-year period, provided that the original purchaser continues to own the product, Actaris will, at its sole option, repair any defects, replace the product or repay the purchase price.

This warranty will be void if the purchaser fails to observe the procedures for installation, operation or service of the product as set forth in the Operating Manual and Specifications for the product or if the defect is caused by tampering, physical abuse or misuse of the product.

Actaris specifically disclaims all implied warranties including those of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose. Under no circumstances will Actaris be liable for incidental or consequential damages of any kind whatsoever.

Actaris' liability for any claim of any kind, including negligence and breach of warranty for the sale and use of any product covered by or furnished, shall in no case exceed the price allocable to the product or part thereof which gives rise to the claim.

In the event of a malfunction of the product, consult your Actaris Service Representative or Actaris Metering Systems, 970 Highway 127 North, Owenton, Kentucky 40359-9802. (800) 490-0657

Reference Information

 Dattus[™] Technical Reference Guide document no. GA-0007-GB-04.01, part no. DO202201

Actaris Metering Systems 970 Highway 127 North Owenton, Kentucky 40359-9302, USA Tel: 800 490 0657 502 484 5747 Fax: 502 484 6223

WWW.ActarisUSgas.com GA - 0013 - GB - 10.02 © Copyright 2002, Actaris U.S. Gas, Inc. Distributed by:





• F-1211 DUAL TURBINE • INSERTION FLOW METER ISOLATED ANALOG OUTPUT



CALIBRATION

Every ONICON flow meter is wet calibrated in our flow laboratory against primary volumetric standards that are directly traceable to N.I.S.T. A certificate of calibration accompanies every meter.

FEATURES

Unmatched Price vs. Performance - Custom calibrated, highly accurate instrumentation at very competitive prices.

Excellent Long-term Reliability - Patented electronic sensing is resistant to scale and particulate matter. Low mass turbines with engineered jewel bearing systems provide a mechanical system that virtually does not wear.

Industry Leading Two-year "No-fault" Warranty -Reduces start-up costs with extended coverage to include accidental installation damage (miswiring, etc.) Certain exclusions apply. See our complete warranty statement for details.

Simplified Hot Tap Insertion Design -

Standard on every insertion flow meter. Allows for insertion and removal by hand without system shutdown.

OPERATING RANGE FOR COMMON PIPE SIZES 0.17 TO 20 ft/s

±2% accuracy begins at 0.4 ft/s

Pipe Size (Inches) Flow Rate (GPM)

ipe 0120 (moneo)	
2 1/2	2.5 - 230
3	4 - 460
4	8 - 800
6	15 - 1,800
8	26 - 3,100
10	42 - 4,900
12	60 - 7,050
14	72 - 8,600
16	98 - 11,400
18	120 - 14,600
20	150 - 18,100
24	230 - 26,500
30	360 - 41,900
36	510 - 60,900

Made in the USA

DESCRIPTION

ONICON insertion turbine flow meters are suitable for measuring electrically conductive water-based liquids. The F-1211 model provides isolated 4-20 mA and 0-10 V analog output signals that are linear with the flow rate.

APPLICATIONS

- Closed loop chilled water, hot water, condenser water & water/glycol/brine solutions for HVAC
- Process water & water mixtures
- Domestic water

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

ACCURACY

- $\pm 0.5\%$ of reading at calibrated velocity
- ± 1% of reading from 3 to 30 ft/s (10:1 range)
- ± 2% of reading from 0.4 to 20 ft/s (50:1 range)

SENSING METHOD

Electronic impedance sensing

(non-magnetic and non-photoelectric)

PIPE SIZE RANGE

2¹/₂" through 72" nominal diameter **SUPPLY VOLTAGE**

24 ± 4 V AC/DC at 100 mA

LIQUID TEMPERATURE RANGE

Standard: 180° F continuous, 200° F peak High Temp: 280° F continuous, 300° F peak Meters operating above 250° F require 316 SS construction option

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGE

-5° to 160° F (-20° to 70° C)

OPERATING PRESSURE

400 PSI maximum

PRESSURE DROP

Less than 1 PSI at 20 ft/s in 2½" pipe, decreasing in larger pipes and lower

velocities

OUTPUT SIGNALS PROVIDED

Analog Output (isolated) Voltage output: 0-10 V (0-5 V available) Current output: 4-20 mA Frequency Output 0 - 15 V peak pulse, typically less than 300 Hz

(continued on back)

F-1211 SPECIFICATIONS cont.

MATERIAL

MALENIAL		
Wetted meta	components:	
Standard:	Electroless nickel plated brass	
Optional:	316 stainless steel	
ELECTRONICS ENCLOSURE		
Standard:	Weathertight aluminum	
	enclosure	
Optional:	Submersible enclosure	
ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS		
4-wire minimum for 4-20 mA or 0-10 V output		
Second analog output and/or frequency output		
requires ac	lditional wires	
Standard:	10' of cable with ½" NPT	
	1 1 1	

Optional: conduit connection Indoor DIN connector with 10' of plenum rated cable

ALSO AVAILABLE

Display Modules



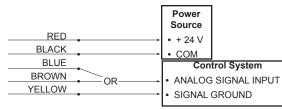
Btu Measurement Systems

F-1211 Wiring Information

WIRE COLOR	DESCRIPTION	NOTES
RED	(+) 24 V AC/DC supply voltage, 100 mA	Connect to power supply positive
BLACK	(-) Common ground (Common with pipe ground)	Connect to power supply negative
GREEN	(+) Frequency output signal: 0-15 V peak pulse	Required when meter is connected to local display or Btu meter
BLUE	(+) Analog signal: 4-20 mA (isolated)	Use yellow wire as (-) for these signals. Both signals may be used independently.
BROWN	(+) Analog signal: 0-10 V (isolated)	
YELLOW	(-) Isolated ground	Use for analog signals only
DIAGNOSTIC SIGNALS		
ORANGE	Bottom turbine frequency	These signals are for diagnostic purposes - connect to local display or Btu meter
WHITE	Top turbine frequency	
F-1211 Wiring Diagram		

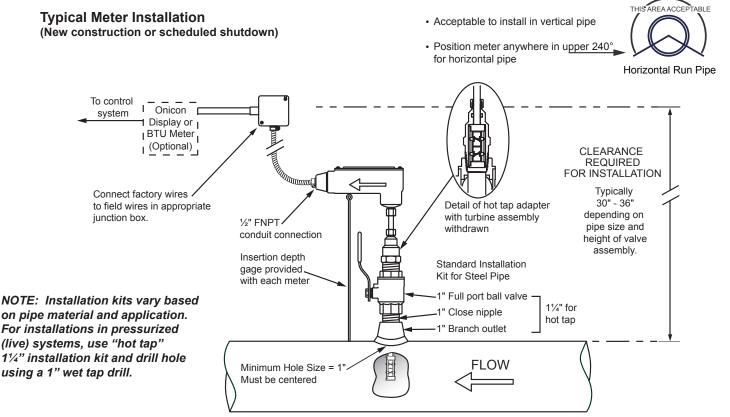
F-1211 Wiring Diagram

Flow meter in control system (no display or Btu meter)

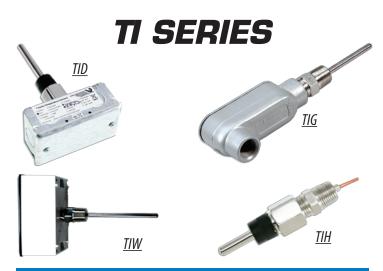


NOTE: 1. Black wire is common with the pipe ground (typically earth ground.)

2. Frequency output required for ONICON display module or Btu meter, refer to wiring diagram for peripheral device.



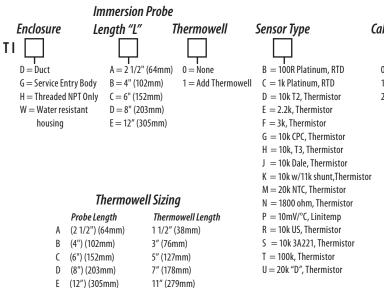
1500 North Belcher Road, Clearwater, FL 33765 • Tel (727) 447-6140 • Fax (727) 442-5699 www.onicon.com • sales@onicon.com



NOTICE

- This product is not intended for life or safety applications.
- Do not install this product in hazardous or classified locations.
- Read and understand the instructions before installing this product.
- Turn off all power supplying equipment before working on it.
- The installer is responsible for conformance to all applicable codes.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION



TI SERIES Immersion Temperature Sensors

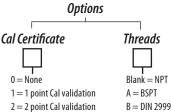
Installer's Specifications

D Thermistor, 4-20mA; 3-wire: Voltage output models
Stainless Steel
200psi
5 to 30VDC
1µA/°C or 10mV/°C
-25° to 105°C (-13° to 221°F)
1.5°C (35°F) typical; 2.5°C (37°F) max. at 25°C (77°F)*
1.8°C typical (35°F); 3.0°C (34°F) max.
over 0° to 70°C (32° to 158°F) range
2.0°C (35°F) typical, 3.5°C (38°F) max.
over -25° to 105°C (-13° to 221°F) range

*Room temperature error documented on each unit.

QUICK INSTALL

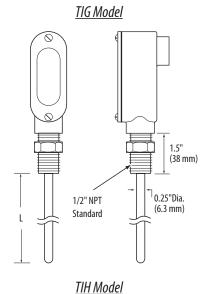
- 1. Thread assembly into a pipe fitting.
- 2. Wire as shown (see Wiring section).

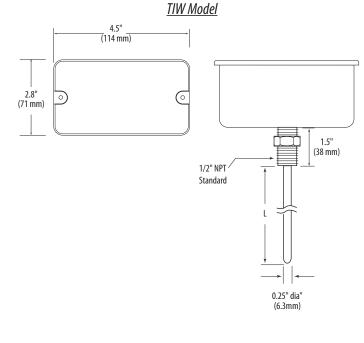


10091

INSTALLATION GUIDE

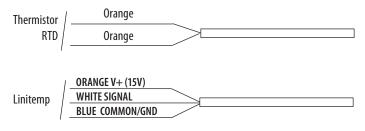
DIMENSIONS



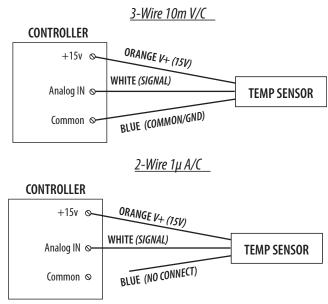


WIRING

0.25" dia (6.3mm)



NOTE: All linitemp units are standard 3-wire 10m V/C. For 1μ A/C (2-wire) connect +15V (orange) and (white) signal wire. The (blue) wire is not connected.

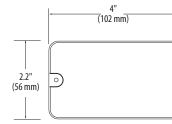


<u>TID Model</u>

0

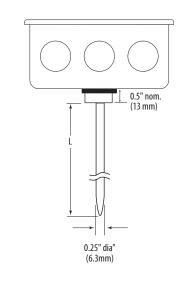
Overall: "L" + 2" (50.8mm)

Overall: "L" + 1.75" (45mm)



Immersion Probes

Thermowells



0.375" dia. (10mm)

Z205466-0E PAGE 2 ©2009 Veris Industries USA 800.354.8556 or +1(0)503.598.4564 / support@veris.com 100 Alta Labs, Enercept, Enspector, Hawkeye, Trustat, Veris, and the Veris 'V' logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Veris Industries, L.L.C. in the USA and/or other countries.